Using the edmaths Report & Thesis Package

Josh Fogg

School of Mathematics The University of Edinburgh

j.fogg@ed.ac.uk

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1 Introduction

This is a package for use when writing reports or thesis for the School of Mathematics at the University of Edinburgh. It provides an easy way to generate a document in ETEX which meets all the basic formatting requirements laid out by the University's typesetting rules. This means you can focus on your actual writing, rather than worrying about font spacing, margins sizes, *etc*.

2 Initial Setup

While this package can in theory work with many different document classes, it is designed to best work with the report class which should be available with any TEX distribution. It can be used with any ETEX engine, including pdfLaTeX, XeTeX, or LuaTeX. While it should work with any reasonably up-to-date TeX distribution, it is tested with 2020 and later.

The essential steps to setup are then:

- 1. Choose a document class using \documentclass [<options>] {report}, with <options>
 - (a) for font size, one of 10pt (default), 11pt, and 12pt;
 - (b) for sidedness, one of oneside (default) and twoside.
- 2. Define information for the title page using \title{...}, \author{...}, and \date{...}.
- 3. Load the edmaths package using \usepackage [<options>] {edmaths}.

These steps **must** be done in exactly this order or the compiler will throw errors.

The loading edmaths also loads the packages amsmath, amsthm, amscd, and amssymb, which are required by almost all mathematical publications. Through setspace, line spacing settings are available that only affect the body text and not footnotes and captions.

The basic package has no other special requirements, but if you have certain additional packages installed then you can use some fancifying options (see below).

3 Package Options

When loading edmaths with

```
\usepackage[<options>]{edmaths}
```

we can supply additional <options> as a comma-separated list of the following keywords.

3.1 Report Type

Exactly one of firstyear, secondyear, thirdyear, fourthyear, phd, masterph, or mastersc for postgrad projects, or exactly one of mmath or y4project for undergraduate projects.

This prints the correct degree name or report type on the cover page. If you do not specify any of these, for example if your desired type is not listed, set \degreetext manually before including this package. For example

```
\newcommand{\degreetext}{Internal Report}
```

will produce a document labelled as an 'Internal Report'.

3.2 Line Spacing

At most one of single (default), onehalf, or double. This sets the line spacing of the body text to single, one-half and double spaced, respectively. Check out setspace for custom spacing options.

3.3 Fonts

For better or worse, by default it uses LaTeX's default font, Computer Modern. However by specifying at most one of the font options it's to change this.

Using fourier provides much improved typography by activating the fourier font package (based on Adobe's Utopia family) along with the cmap and microtype packages. All these dependencies must be met to use this option.

Strictly speaking the thesis guidelines require a sans serif font, though it's not typically enforced for mathematics. However, if you do want to use one, cmbright sets the font to Computer Modern Bright. This requires the cmbright, cmap, microtype, and <a href="mailto:font-incomputer-

3.4 Links

Using hyperref creates a PDF output with clickable, all-black links. This depends on hyperref and xcolor. The packages are set up with sane default options, but to modify the behaviour, simply use the hypersetup command; see the hyperref documentation for details.

If in addition colour is used, this sets clickable links to have a sane default colour (sepia for internal links, blue for external URLs).

3.5 Headers

If the fancyhdr package is installed, using fancyhdr creates nice page headers and footers (with sane default settings); to modify this behaviour, simply use the commands described in the fancyhdr documentation.

4 Usage

Once edmaths is set up, the following additional formatting commands and environments become available:

- \maketitle to create the cover page,
- \declaration{...} to create the declaration,
- \dedication{...} for a dedication page (e.g. 'For Alex', not acknowledgements),
- \begin{abstract}...\end{abstract} for the abstract,
- \begin{laysummary}...\end{laysummary} for the lay summary,
- \begin{acknowledgements}...\end{acknowledgements} for any acknowledgements,
- \tableofcontents for the table of contents.

4.1 Declarations

While using \declaration{} will give you a stock declaration page, in most cases this will need tailoring to the specific of your thesis per university requirements. For example, if your thesis includes previously-published work, it should be declared on this page.

This can be done by for example,

```
\declaration{
    I declare that this thesis has been composed solely by myself
    and that it has not been submitted, in whole or in part, in any
    previous application for a degree. Except where stated otherwise
    by reference or acknowledgement, the work presented is entirely
    my own.
}
```

4.2 Abstracts

If you wish to redefine the title of the abstract, this can be done by including

```
\renewcommand{\abstractname}{My New Title}
anywhere before \begin{document}.
```

4.3 Long Titles

If your \title is quite long and you're using fancyhdr, you may also wish to define a \shorttitle {...} to prevent wrapping within the header. This **must** be done after loading edmaths else the compiler will throw an error.

4.4 Year 4 Projects

When using the y4project option, the command \yfourdeclaration{...} can be used right after the abstract to print a declaration at the bottom of that page; the argument of this command is the name of the particular degree.

4.5 Basic Example

Below is a simple example of how this might be put together in a year one PhD report.

```
\documentclass[10pt]{report}
\title{The title of my first year report}
\author{My name}
\date{YYYY}
\usepackage[firstyear]{edmaths}
\begin{document}
\maketitle
\begin{abstract}
    My abstract.
\end{abstract}
\tableofcontents
\chapter{First Chapter}
\section{Section Name}
\chapter{Second Chapter}
\appendix
\chapter{First Appendix}
\end{document}
```

A more complicated example for a PhD thesis is packaged with edmaths and available here. What this looks like compiled can be viewed here.

5 Additional Tips

Below is an assortment of additional advice that may be useful when formatting a thesis or report. If you've got additional tips which you think would be useful to share, do share on the GitHub.

5.1 Spacing

When using larger line spacing than single spaced, you might want to single-space your table of contents, *etc*. For details, see the documentation for setspace, but to achieve this you could use {\singlespacing\tableofcontents} and similar for \listoffigures and \listoftables.

If you like custom line spacing, place $\mbox{newcommand{\stretchfactor}{<x>}}$ before calling this package, where $\mbox{<x>}$ is the line spacing factor (1 gives single spacing).

Put \flushbottom right after \begin{document} to obtain vertically justified pages.

The very "brave" can also add \setlength{\parskip}{0pt} in the preamble to remove any vertical rubber space between paragraphs, thus enforcing a strict grid layout. If you encounter underful boxes, add \vfill as needed, most likely after headings (e.g. use \chapter{Introduction}\vfill.).

5.2 Front Matter

Use \listoftables and \listoffigures to create a reference of all table and figure environments. Some may tell you that this is actually a requirement for a PhD thesis.

Use \pagenumbering{roman} and \pagenumbering{arabic} to get different styles of page numbers for the front matter and make it all fancy like.

If desired, use \addcontentsline to add otherwise unreferenced chapters (*e.g.* the table of contents itself, the list of figures, the list of tables or the index) to the table of contents.

5.3 Fonts

If you don't want to use any of the fonts available by default simply do not specify fourier or cmbright option, and instead load fontenc, cmap, microtype and your font package as described in the font package's documentation.

Use the ccaption package to customise the way that captions under figures and tables appear (*e.g.* if you prefer them to use a sans-serif font).

5.4 Subtitles

You may also wish to give your document a subtitle. Be aware that it is ambiguous whether this is allowable in the thesis guidelines, but it may be done by adding formatting commands within the title command, as below.

```
\title{Underwater Basket Weaving \\
    \large Analysing the optimal depth for willow rods}
\author{Author Name}
\date{YYYY}
\usepackage[phd]{edmaths}
```

If also using fancyhdr, remember to also add \shorttitle{Underwater Basket Weaving} after loading edmaths also for consistency with your headers.

5.5 Overleaf

As a student or staff member at the University of Edinburgh you have access to Overleaf Professional! Do make use of this, it alleviates many of the headaches which come with using Lagrange across multiple computers, which you surely will..

5.6 Archiving your thesis for the future

The current version of edmaths satisfies the typesetting requirements at any one time. Given these requirements change, you may find that if you need to recompile your thesis after you have graduated that the formatting changes. To avoid this, I'd recommend saving an archived version of the edmaths .sty file in the same folder as your thesis file. You only need to do this once you have completely finished your thesis however; there's no need to do it during the writing process.

6 Troubleshooting

I'm happy to answer emails or GitHub issues about formatting issues with the package, **especially** when you are in the final stages of formatting your dissertation or thesis. God knows that time is already stressful enough as it is. However, please keep in mind:

- I do this as a volunteer on the side of all my other work. This is not something the university pay me for, just something I did because I identified the need.
- If you have general Lagar questions that are not specifically related to edmaths, please try to find answers elsewhere. Both tex.stackexchange.com and Overleaf are excellent resources.
- Please make sure you have the latest version of edmaths, it may be your issue has already been fixed. If in doubt, check the log file and compare it with CTAN and GitHub.
- If you are using Overleaf, **please** check the log file for errors, and fix them *before* you send me a sample document. By default Overleaf produces an output even when the document has lots of errors, so it could be that other errors you haven't noticed are obscuring the problem you're actually trying to fix.

7 Acknowledgements

The original edmaths was written by Thomas Köppe in 2007 and freely provided under the terms of the LTEX Project Public License v1.3c. From 2020 onwards it has been maintained by Josh Fogg (me). Thanks also to Andrew Beckett for his contribution in improving compliance, particularly around declarations which I'd missed entirely.

Thanks to you too for using edmaths! I'd love to hear how you got on working with it, even if there weren't any specific issues. Just shoot me an email, it always makes my day!